## **Current Carrying Capacity for NYKY 0,6/1 kV**

The guidelines for current carrying capacities of copper and aluminium are valid DIN VDE 0265 and 0276 part 1000.

The current carrying capacity of a cable should be limited in such a degree that at all locations in a cable system which causes the generated heats under given proportions to lead safely in the environment.

The heat flow depends on the inner heat-resistance between conductor and outer surface of the cable and as well as from the heat emission to the surroundings.

For cables laid in earth, the assumption for the calculation are chosen in a way that the given values for current loading at normal operation can be used in most of the cases **without conversion**.

For single cables laid directly in earth at EVU-Loading and a specific earth heat-resistance of 100 K · cm/W, mostly of the soil conditions are to be taken into consideration.

## **Calculation basis**

EVU-load (current loading grade)	0,7 (1,0 for air)	
Specific earth heat- resistance	100 K • cm/W	
Specific heat-resistance of the insulation and sheath	600 K · cm/W	
Bedding depth in earth	0,7 m	
Earth temperature	20°C	
Ambient temperature in the air	30°C	

**Current carrying capacity** of 3-, 4- and multicore (5 cores and more) cables at ambient temperature of 20°C in earth, 30°C for the air.

Current carrying capacity in ampere (A):

cross- 3- and 4-core cable		5- to 61-core cable		
section mm <sup>2</sup>	Earth A	Air A	Earth A	Air A
1,5 2,5 4 6 10 16 25 35 50 70 95 120 150 185 240 300 400	28 37 48 60 80 103 134 162 192 235 283 323 363 412 478 542 615	18,5 27 36 45 62 81 110 134 163 205 253 294 334 386 457 529 610	Number of cores and ti sion factors 1,5 to 6 mm following ta	ne conver- from 1 <sup>2</sup> see the

## **Current loading for multicore cables** (5 cores and more)

The current loading of each core for cables with a conductor cross-section of 1,5 to 10 mm², depends on the number of cores and the number of loaded cores respectively and is calculated by means of the following conversion factors.

The conversion factors according to the number of loaded cores are to be multiplied with the loading values of the above table.

Number of loading conductors	Conversion factors for the value to 1,5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup> of the above table		
	Earth	Air	
5	0,70	0,75	
7	0,60	0,65	
10	0,50	0,55	
14	0,45	0,50	
19	0,40	0,45	
24	0,35	0,40	
40	0,30	0,35	
61	0,25	0,30	

## Note

During the installation in earth or in the air, for the operation and the laying performance occur any deviations or unfavourable relations (e. g. bundling of cables, in the wall, under plaster, on the wall or on trays, on cable troughs or on cable racks), the specified conversion factors to DIN VDE 0276 part 1000 table 12 and 13 must be taken into consideration.

